

```
!  
! To compile and run:  
!   pgf95 001.f95 -o 001.exe  
!   ./001.exe  
!  
!-----  
! filename: src/001.f95  
!  
! finite difference method. 1st derivative. 1st order finite difference.  
!  
!-----  
!  
module constants  
  implicit none  
  integer, parameter :: SP = kind(1.0)  
  integer, parameter :: DP = selected_real_kind(2*precision(1.0_SP))  
end module constants  
  
program main  
  use constants  
  implicit none  
  real(DP) :: d1f  
  real(DP) :: exact_solution  
  real(DP) :: x0 = 2.0_DP  
  real(DP) :: dx = 0.01_DP  
  
  ! d1f = ???  
  
  exact_solution = 1 + x0 + x0**2 + x0**3  
  
  print *, ' f(x0) = ', f(x0)  
  print *, ' d1f at x0 = ', d1f  
  print *, ' solution = ', exact_solution  
  print *, ' error = ', abs(exact_solution - d1f)  
  
contains  
  
  function f(x)  
    real(DP), intent(in) :: x  
    real(DP) :: f  
  
    f = 1 + x + (x**2)/2.0_DP + (x**3)/3.0_DP + (x**4)/4.0_DP  
  end function f  
end program main
```

```
!  
! To compile and run:  
!   pgf95 002.f95 -o 002.exe && ./002.exe  
!  
!-----  
!  
! finite difference method. 2nd derivatve. 2nd order finite difference.  
!  
!-----  
!  
module constants  
  implicit none  
  integer, parameter :: SP = kind(1.0)  
  integer, parameter :: DP = selected_real_kind(2*precision(1.0_SP))  
end module constants  
  
program main  
  use constants  
  implicit none  
  
  real(DP) :: d2f  
  real(DP) :: exact_solution  
  real(DP) :: x0 = 2.0_DP  
  real(DP) :: dx = 0.01_DP  
  
   $d2f = ( f(x0+dx) - 2*f(x0) + f(x0-dx) ) / (dx*dx)$   
  
  exact_solution = 1 + 2*x0 + 3*(x0**2)  
  
  print *, ' f(x0) = ', f(x0)  
  print *, ' d2f at x0 = ', d2f  
  print *, ' solution = ', exact_solution  
  print *, ' error = ', abs(exact_solution - d2f)  
  
contains  
  
  function f(x)  
    real(DP), intent(in) :: x  
    real(DP) :: f  
  
     $f = 1 + x + (x**2)/2.0\_DP + (x**3)/3.0\_DP + (x**4)/4.0\_DP$   
  end function f  
end program main
```

Dec 06, 10 9:45

003.f95

Page 1/2

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!
! To compile and run:
!   pgf95 -Mbounds 003.f95 && ./a.out
!
!-----
!
! to make x (1d) grid system.
!
!-----
!
module constants
  implicit none
  integer, parameter :: SP = kind(1.0)
  integer, parameter :: DP = selected_real_kind(2*precision(1.0_SP))
end module constants

module ut
  use constants
  implicit none

contains

  subroutine ut_assert(condition, message)
    logical, intent(in) :: condition
    character(len=*), intent(in) :: message

    if ( .not.condition ) then
      stop message ! print out the message and die.
    end if
  end subroutine ut_assert
end module ut

module grid
  use constants
  implicit none
  private
  public :: grid_initialize, &
           grid_dx, &
           grid_nx

  integer :: nx
  real(DP) :: dx

contains

  subroutine grid_initialize(xlength, nx_mesh)
    real(DP), intent(in) :: xlength
    integer, intent(in) :: nx_mesh

    integer :: i

    nx = nx_mesh
    dx = xlength / real(nx,DP)
  end subroutine grid_initialize

  function grid_nx()
    integer :: grid_nx
    grid_nx = nx
  end function grid_nx

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Dec 06, 10 9:45

003.f95

Page

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  function grid_dx()
    real(DP) :: grid_dx
    grid_dx = dx
  end function grid_dx
end module grid

program main
  use constants
  use ut
  use grid
  implicit none

  integer :: i, nx
  real(DP) :: xlen = 10.0_DP ! meter

  print *, ' enter nx:'
  read(5,*) nx

  call ut_assert(nx>0, 'nx out of range')

  call grid_initialize(xlen,nx)

  print *, ' nx = ', grid_nx()
  print *, ' dx = ', grid_dx()
end program main

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Dec 04, 10 19:01

004.f95

Page 1/2

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!  

! To compile and run:  

!   pgf95 -Mbounds 004.f95 && ./a.out  

!  

!-----  

!  

! to make a (x-y) 2d grid system.  

!  

!-----  

!  

module constants  

implicit none  

integer, parameter :: SP = kind(1.0)  

integer, parameter :: DP = selected_real_kind(2*precision(1.0_SP))  

end module constants  

  

module ut  

use constants  

implicit none  

  

contains  

  

subroutine ut_assert(condition, message)  

logical, intent(in) :: condition  

character(len=*), intent(in) :: message  

  

if ( .not.condition ) then  

stop message ! print out the message and die.  

end if  

end subroutine ut_assert  

end module ut  

  

module grid  

use constants  

implicit none  

private  

public :: grid_initialize,      &  

           grid_d,            &  

           grid_n  

  

integer :: nx, ny  

real(DP) :: dx, dy  

  

contains  

  

subroutine grid_initialize(xlength, ylength, nx_mesh, ny_mesh)  

real(DP), intent(in) :: xlength, ylength  

integer, intent(in) :: nx_mesh, ny_mesh  

  

integer :: i, j  

  

nx = nx_mesh  

ny = ny_mesh  

  

dx = xlength / real(nx,DP)  

dy = ylength / real(ny,DP)  

end subroutine grid_initialize  

  

function grid_n(which)  

character, intent(in) :: which

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Dec 04, 10 19:01

004.f95

Page

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integer :: grid_n  

  

select case (which)  

case ('x')  

grid_n = nx  

case ('y')  

grid_n = ny  

case default  

stop 'grid_n arg incorrect.'  

end select  

end function grid_n  

  

function grid_d(which)  

character, intent(in) :: which  

real(DP) :: grid_d  

  

select case (which)  

case ('x')  

grid_d = dx  

case ('y')  

grid_d = dy  

case default  

stop 'grid_d arg incorrect.'  

end select  

end function grid_d  

end module grid  

  

program main  

use constants  

use ut  

use grid  

implicit none  

  

integer :: i, j, nx, ny  

real(DP) :: xlen = 10.0_DP ! meter  

real(DP) :: ylen = 8.0_DP ! meter  

  

print *, ' enter nx:'  

read(5,*) nx  

print *, ' enter ny:'  

read(5,*) ny  

  

call ut_assert(nx>0 .and. ny>0, 'nx,ny out of range.')  

  

call grid_initialize(xlen,ylen,nx,ny)  

  

print *, ' nx = ', grid_n('x')  

print *, ' dx = ', grid_d('x')  

print *, ' ny = ', grid_n('y')  

print *, ' dy = ', grid_d('y')  

end program main

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Dec 04, 10 19:01

005.f95

Page 1/4

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!
! To compile and run:
!   pgf95 -Mbounds 005.f95 && ./a.out
!
!-----
!
! to make temperature and heat source fields.
!
!-----
!
module constants
  implicit none
  integer, parameter :: SP = kind(1.0)
  integer, parameter :: DP = selected_real_kind(2*precision(1.0_SP))
  real(DP), parameter :: PI = 3.141592653589793238462643383279502_DP
  real(DP), parameter :: TWOPI = PI*2
end module constants

module ut
  use constants
  implicit none

contains

  subroutine ut_assert(condition, message)
    logical, intent(in) :: condition
    character(len=*), intent(in) :: message

    if ( .not.condition ) then
      stop message ! print out the message and die.
    end if
  end subroutine ut_assert
end module ut

module grid
  use constants
  implicit none
  private
  public :: grid_initialize, grid_d, grid_n

  integer :: nx, ny
  real(DP) :: dx, dy

contains

  subroutine grid_initialize(xlength, ylength, nx_mesh, ny_mesh)
    real(DP), intent(in) :: xlength, ylength
    integer, intent(in) :: nx_mesh, ny_mesh
    integer :: i, j
    nx = nx_mesh
    ny = ny_mesh
    dx = xlength / real(nx,DP)
    dy = ylength / real(ny,DP)
  end subroutine grid_initialize

  function grid_n(which)
    character, intent(in) :: which
    integer :: grid_n

    select case (which)

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Dec 04, 10 19:01

005.f95

Page

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    case ('x')
      grid_n = nx
    case ('y')
      grid_n = ny
    case default
      stop 'grid_n arg incorrect.'
    end select
  end function grid_n

  function grid_d(which)
    character, intent(in) :: which
    real(DP) :: grid_d

    select case (which)
    case ('x')
      grid_d = dx
    case ('y')
      grid_d = dy
    case default
      stop 'grid_d arg incorrect.'
    end select
  end function grid_d
end module grid

module field
  use constants
  use ut
  use grid
  implicit none
  private
  public :: field_initialize, &
         field_statistics
  public :: tmp, src

  real(DP), dimension(:,:), allocatable :: tmp, src

contains

  subroutine boundary_condition
    integer :: nx, ny
    nx = grid_n('x')
    ny = grid_n('y')
    !
    ! +------(D)-----+
    ! |                       |
    ! |                       |
    ! | (A)                   (B) |
    ! |                       |
    ! |                       |
    ! |                       |
    ! |                       |
    ! +------(C)-----+
    !
    tmp( 0,0:ny) = 0.0_DP ! (A)
    tmp( nx,0:ny) = 0.0_DP ! (B)
    tmp(1:nx-1, 0) = 0.0_DP ! (C)
    tmp(1:nx-1, ny) = 0.0_DP ! (D)
  end subroutine boundary_condition

  subroutine field_initialize

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Dec 04, 10 19:01

005.f95

Page 3/4

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integer :: nx, ny, i, j
nx = grid_n('x')
ny = grid_n('y')
allocate(tmp(0:nx,0:ny)) ! temperature field
allocate(src(0:nx,0:ny)) ! heat source field
tmp(:, :) = 0.0_DP
src(:, :) = 0.0_DP
call iSet_src
call iSet_tmp
call boundary_condition

contains

subroutine iSet_src
  src(:, :) = 0.1_DP ! constant heat source
end subroutine iSet_src

subroutine iSet_tmp
  integer :: i, j
  real(DP) :: dx, dy, x, y, xlen, ylen
  dx = grid_d('x')
  dy = grid_d('y')
  xlen = dx*nx ! here we suppose xpos(0) = xmin = 0.0
  ylen = dy*ny ! here we suppose ypos(0) = ymin = 0.0
  do j = 0, ny
    y = dy*j
    do i = 0, nx
      x = dx*i
      tmp(i, j) = sin(PI*x/xlen)*sin(PI*y/ylen)
    end do
  end do
end subroutine iSet_tmp
end subroutine field_initialize

subroutine field_statistics
  integer :: total_grid_points
  total_grid_points = grid_n('x') * grid_n('y')
  print *, 'temp max: ', maxval(tmp(:, :))
  print *, 'temp min: ', minval(tmp(:, :))
  print *, 'temp mean: ', sum(tmp(:, :)) / total_grid_points
end subroutine field_statistics
end module field

program main
use constants
use ut
use grid
use field
implicit none

integer :: i, j, nx, ny
real(DP) :: xlen = 10.0_DP ! meter
real(DP) :: ylen = 8.0_DP ! meter

print *, ' enter nx: '
read(5, *) nx
print *, ' enter ny: '
read(5, *) ny
call ut_assert(nx>0 .and. ny>0, 'nx/ny out of range.')

call grid_initialize(xlen, ylen, nx, ny)

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Dec 04, 10 19:01

005.f95

Page

```

call field_initialize
call field_statistics
end program main

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Dec 06, 10 12:31

006.f95

Page 1/5

```

!
! To compile and run:
!   pgf95 -Mbounds 006.f95 && ./a.out
! to check the array bounds, or just
!   pgf95 006.f95 && ./a.out
!
!-----
!
! time development of the temperature field.
!
!-----
!
module constants
  implicit none
  integer, parameter :: SP = kind(1.0)
  integer, parameter :: DP = selected_real_kind(2*precision(1.0_SP))
  real(DP), parameter :: PI = 3.141592653589793238462643383279502_DP
  real(DP), parameter :: TWOPI = PI*2
  real(DP), parameter :: K_THERM = 1.0_DP ! thermal diffusivity
end module constants

module ut
  use constants
  implicit none

contains

  subroutine ut_assert(condition, message)
    logical, intent(in) :: condition
    character(len=*), intent(in) :: message

    if ( .not.condition ) then
      stop message ! print out the message and die.
    end if
  end subroutine ut_assert
end module ut

module grid
  use constants
  implicit none
  private
  public :: grid_initialize, grid_d, grid_n

  integer :: nx, ny
  real(DP) :: dx, dy

contains

  subroutine grid_initialize(xlength, ylength, nx_mesh, ny_mesh)
    real(DP), intent(in) :: xlength, ylength
    integer, intent(in) :: nx_mesh, ny_mesh
    integer :: i, j
    nx = nx_mesh
    ny = ny_mesh
    dx = xlength / real(nx,DP)
    dy = ylength / real(ny,DP)
  end subroutine grid_initialize

  function grid_n(which)
    character, intent(in) :: which

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Dec 06, 10 12:31

006.f95

Page

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  integer :: grid_n

  select case (which)
  case ('x')
    grid_n = nx
  case ('y')
    grid_n = ny
  case default
    stop 'grid_n arg incorrect.'
  end select
end function grid_n

function grid_d(which)
  character, intent(in) :: which
  real(DP) :: grid_d

  select case (which)
  case ('x')
    grid_d = dx
  case ('y')
    grid_d = dy
  case default
    stop 'grid_d arg incorrect.'
  end select
end function grid_d
end module grid

module field
  use constants
  use ut
  use grid
  implicit none
  private
  public :: field_initialize, &
           field_statistics, &
           field_time_advance

  public :: tmp, src

  real(DP), dimension(:,,:), allocatable :: tmp, src

contains

  subroutine boundary_condition
    integer :: nx, ny
    nx = grid_n('x')
    ny = grid_n('y')
    !
    !   +------(D)-----+
    !   |                       |
    !   |                       |
    !   | (A)                   (B) |
    !   |                       |
    !   |                       |
    !   |                       |
    !   +------(C)-----+
    !
    tmp( 0,0:ny) = 0.0_DP ! (A)
    tmp( nx,0:ny) = 0.0_DP ! (B)
    tmp(1:nx-1, 0) = 0.0_DP ! (C)

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Dec 06, 10 12:31

006.f95

Page 3/5

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    tmp(1:nx-1, ny) = 0.0_DP ! (D)
end subroutine boundary_condition

subroutine field_initialize
  integer :: nx, ny, i, j
  nx = grid_n('x')
  ny = grid_n('y')
  allocate(tmp(0:nx,0:ny)) ! temperature field
  allocate(src(0:nx,0:ny)) ! heat source field
  tmp(:, :) = 0.0_DP
  src(:, :) = 0.0_DP
  call iSet_src
  call iSet_tmp
  call boundary_condition
end subroutine field_initialize

contains

subroutine iSet_src
  src(:, :) = 0.0_DP ! constant heat source
end subroutine iSet_src

subroutine iSet_tmp
  integer :: i, j
  real(DP) :: dx, dy, x, y, xlen, ylen
  dx = grid_d('x')
  dy = grid_d('y')
  xlen = dx*nx ! here we suppose xpos(0) = xmin = 0.0
  ylen = dy*ny ! here we suppose ypos(0) = ymin = 0.0
  do j = 0, ny
    y = dy*j
    do i = 0, nx
      x = dx*i
      tmp(i,j) = sin(PI*x/xlen)*sin(PI*y/ylen)
    end do
  end do
end subroutine iSet_tmp
end subroutine field_initialize

recursive subroutine field_statistics(which)
  character(len=*), intent(in) :: which
  integer :: total_grid_points
  total_grid_points = grid_n('x') * grid_n('y')
  select case (which)
  case ('max')
    print *, 'temp max: ', maxval(tmp(:, :))
  case ('min')
    print *, 'temp min: ', minval(tmp(:, :))
  case ('mean')
    print *, 'temp mean: ', sum(tmp(:, :)) / total_grid_points
  case default
    call field_statistics('max')
    call field_statistics('min')
    call field_statistics('mean')
  end select
end subroutine field_statistics

subroutine field_time_advance(dt, debug)
  real(DP), intent(in) :: dt
  character(len=*), intent(in), optional :: debug
  integer :: i, j
  real(DP) :: dx, dy
  integer, save :: nx, ny

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Monday December 06, 2010

Dec 06, 10 12:31

006.f95

Page

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  real(DP), save :: alpha_x, alpha_y, beta
  real(DP) :: beta2
  logical :: first_time = .true. ! automatically 'save'd.
  real(DP), dimension(:, :), allocatable, save :: tmp0

  if ( first_time ) then
    nx = grid_n('x')
    ny = grid_n('y')
    dx = grid_d('x')
    dy = grid_d('y')
    alpha_x = K_THERM / (dx*dx)
    alpha_y = K_THERM / (dy*dy)
    beta = 2 * (alpha_x + alpha_y)
    allocate(tmp0(0:nx,0:ny))
    first_time = .false.
  end if

!----<origian form>-----
!   tmp_new(i,j) = tmp(i,j)
!                   + ( alpha_x * ( tmp(i+1,j) - 2*tmp(i,j) + tmp(i-1,j) ) &
!                   + alpha_y * ( tmp(i,j+1) - 2*tmp(i,j) + tmp(i,j-1) ) &
!                   + src(i,j) ) * dt
!----</origian form>-----

  beta2 = 1.0_DP - beta*dt

  if ( present(debug) ) call iDebug

  tmp0(:, :) = tmp(:, :) ! copy

  do j = 1, ny-1
    do i = 1, nx-1
      tmp(i,j) = ( alpha_x * ( tmp0(i+1,j) + tmp0(i-1,j) ) &
                  + alpha_y * ( tmp0(i,j+1) + tmp0(i,j-1) ) &
                  + src(i,j) ) * dt &
                  + beta2 * tmp0(i,j)
    end do
  end do

contains

subroutine iDebug
  select case (debug)
  case ('beta2')
    print *, '[debug] beta2 = ', beta2
  case default
    print *, '[debug] dt = ', dt
    print *, '[debug] alpha_x = ', alpha_x
    print *, '[debug] alpha_y = ', alpha_y
    print *, '[debug] beta2 = ', beta2
  end select
end subroutine iDebug
end subroutine field_time_advance
end module field

program main
  use constants
  use ut
  use grid
  use field

```

006.f95


```
implicit none

integer :: i, j, nx, ny
integer :: loop, loop_max = 100000
real(DP) :: xlen = 1.0_DP ! meter
real(DP) :: ylen = 1.0_DP ! meter

real(DP) :: dt_critical, dt, dx, dy

print *, ' enter nx:'
read(5,*) nx
print *, ' enter ny:'
read(5,*) ny
call ut__assert(nx>0 .and. ny>0, 'nx/ny out of range.')
```

```
call grid__initialize(xlen,ylen,nx,ny)
dx = grid__d('x')
dy = grid__d('y')
call field__initialize
call field__statistics('all')
```

```
dt_critical = 0.5_DP / ( K_THERM * ( 1/(dx*dx) + 1/(dy*dy) ) )
dt = dt_critical*0.8_DP

do loop = 1 , loop_max
  call field__time_advance(dt)
  if ( mod(loop,100)==0 ) call field__statistics('max')
end do
end program main
```